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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	TORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/666,371	09/20/2000	Davi Geiger	24147.00	6163		
30873	7590 12/14/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER		
DORSEY &	WHITNEY LLP		ABDULSELAM, ABBAS I			
INTELLECTU 250 PARK AV	JAL PROPERTY DEPA ENUE	ARTMENT	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
NEW YORK.			2677			

DATE MAILED: 12/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/666,371	GEIGER ET AL.			
Office Action Summa	ary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Abbas I. Abdulselam	2677			
The MAILING DATE of this co Period for Reply	mmunication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PER WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM - Extensions of time may be available under the p after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of t - If NO period for reply is specified above, the mail - Failure to reply within the set or extended period Any reply received by the Office later than three earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.7	THE MAILING DA rovisions of 37 CFR 1.13 his communication. kimum statutory period w for reply will, by statute, months after the mailing	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirn rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communic (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·		
Status						
1) Responsive to communication	n(s) filed on 14 Ju	lv 2005.				
2a)☐ This action is FINAL .		action is non-final.				
<u> </u>	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
		x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45				
Disposition of Claims	•					
4) Claim(s) <u>15-29,31-33,35,37,4</u>	1 and 42 is/are pe	ending in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s)						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed						
6) Claim(s) 15-29,31-33,35,37,4		jected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected						
8) Claim(s) are subject to		election requirement.				
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to	by the Examine	•				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on			- - - - - - - -			
	•	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See				
		on is required if the drawing(s) is obj		21(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is object						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a	claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. & 119(a)	-(d) or (f)	`		
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None	•	priority under 00 0.0.0. § 110(a)	(4) 01 (1).			
1. Certified copies of the p		have been received.				
= ' '' ''		have been received in Application	on No			
	•	ity documents have been receive)		
application from the Inte	•		· ·			
* See the attached detailed Office		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	d.			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary				
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Re Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO- 		Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P	ite atent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>02/22/05</u> .	1443 01 11 10/28/08)	6) Other:	2.0.7.7 WALLOUT (1 10-102)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to a communication filed on 07/14/05. Claims 15-29, 31-33, 35, 37, 41-42 are pending. Applicant cancels claims 1-14, 34, 36 and 38-40, and provisionally elect group II, claims 15-29, 31-33, 35, 37, 41 and 42.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's argument with respect to a restriction requirement is most since the applicant has canceled claims 1-14, 34, 36 and 38-40.

Double Patenting

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 15-29, 31-33, 35, 37 and 41-42 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 15-21 and 24-

37 of copending Application No. 11/035711. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because

Claim 15 of the present application is met by claims 15 and 30 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claim 20 of the present application is met by claims 15 and 20 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claim 22 of the present application is met by claims 15, 17 and 26 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claim 23 of the present application is met by claims 15, 17 and 26 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claim 26 of the present application is met by claims 15, 17 and 26 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

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Claim 31 of the present application is met by claims 15 and 31 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claim 33 of the present application is met by claims 15 and 33 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claim 35 of the present application is met by claims 34-35 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claim 37 of the present application is met by claims 36-37 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claim 41 of the present application is met by claims 34-35 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claim 42 of the present application is met by claims 36-37 of the copending application. It would have been obvious that "first point and second point in the space" as used in the current

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application corresponds to and is patently indistinct from "first point and second point in three dimensional space" as used in the copending application.

Claims 16-19 of the present application are met by claims 16-19, respectively of the copending application.

Claim 21 of the present application is met by claim 21 of the copending application.

Claims 24-25 of the present application are met by claims 24-25, respectively of the copending application.

Claims 27-29 of the present application are met by claims 27-29, respectively of the copending application.

Claim 32 of the present application is met by claim 32 of the copending application.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Abbas I. Abdulselam whose telephone number is (571) 272-7685. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:00 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amr Awad can be reached on (571) 272-7764. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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AMR A. AWAD
PRIMARY EXAMINER

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Abbas Abdulselam

Examiner

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December 6, 2005